Comparative Discharge Data

Discharge Settings

- Own home/apartment
- Home with family
- CRR
- LTSR
- PCH
- EAC
- Psychiatric Hospital
- Correctional Facility
- Supported Housing
- Assisted Living
- Medical/Nursing/Rehab Facility
- Boarding Home
- Shelter
- Homeless
- Deceased
- Unknown
- Other

Percent of Discharges

- 2019-2020
- 2018-2019
- 2017-2018
Discharges from CareLink programs can be facilitated for a number of reasons, including an individual’s successful completion of goals, physical and psychiatric healthcare needs beyond CareLink’s scope of service, an individual or their family’s decision to utilize another service provider or discontinue services, as well as other administrative reasons.

A decreased level of care at discharge is usually precipitated by an individual’s successful completion of their objectives and readiness to move to a setting with a greater level of independence. An increased level of care at discharge is usually precipitated by either a change in an individual’s medical or mental health status when greater supports and treatment are needed beyond the scope of service in the program where they reside. A lateral transition occurs when an individual will be receiving the same type of services they did at CareLink, but with another provider. The no change status represents situations when an individual’s setting did not change between their admission and discharge, and is mostly applicable to individuals receiving services in a non-residential program.